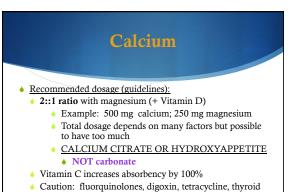


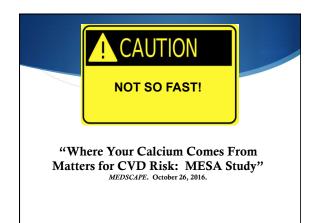


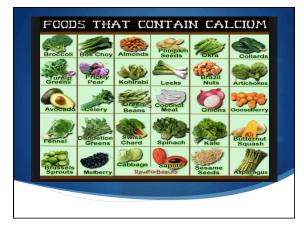


	Minerals	
 Macrominerals 	Microminerals	
(200 mg/day)	 (trace amounts) 	
Calcium	Boron	Iron
Chloride	Chromium	Cobalt
Magnesium*	Copper	Zinc
Phosphorous	Iodine	Silicon
Potassium	Manganese	Selenium
Sodium	Molybdenum	
	Vanadium	



• Milk is NOT a good source





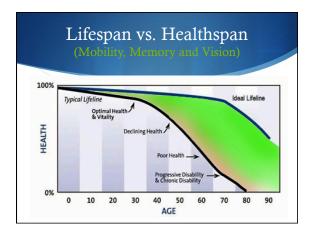




"If our patients eat a healthy diet we do not need to recommend a multivitamin or supplements."

Let's talk about a 'healthy diet'

- How do you know what your patients eat?
- Standard American Diet (appropriately abbreviated S.A.D.) How 'fresh' are 'fresh foods'?
- Consider: genetics, environment (stress), alcohol
 - 5 or more drinks per week, 24% increase in breast cancer
 - Nutrigenomics
 - SNP (single nucleotide polymorphism); Telomere testing
- Nutritional depletions caused by medications
- Is your goal to prevent disease or optimal health?





How to assess patient nutrition? Digital (many!) MyFitnessPal.com Livestrong.com (MyPlate) Fitbit 3 Day Food Diary

• EVERYTHING patient eats/drinks

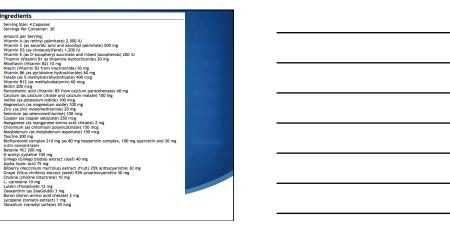




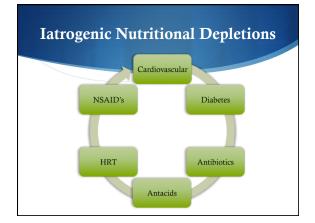
- The National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, a division of the Center for Disease Control, reports that less than 25 percent of the American population eat 5 fruits and vegetables a <u>day</u>....
- This dietary information convinced the Journal of the American Medical Association (JAMA June 19, 2002) to recommend that everyone supplement their diet with a <u>full-spectrum</u> multiple vitamin/mineral/ antioxidant formula to help prevent and slow the progression of all chronic degenerative diseases.



ngredients Serving Size: 4 Capsules Servings Per Container: 30







Medication induced nutritional depletions

 NSAID's (Aleve, Advil, ASA, etc.)
 Vitamin C, Folic Acid, Potassium, Zinc, Vitamin K

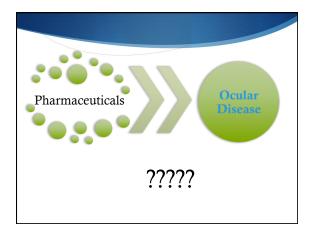
Antibiotics

- All B vitamins, Vitamin C and K, Magnesium, Manganese, Zinc, Lactobacillus, Bifidobacter
- Cardiovascular Drugs
- (Hypertension, Elevated cholesterol, etc.)
- Calcium, Magnesium, B₁, B₆, B₁₂, Potassium, Zinc, CoQ₁₀
- Anti-diabetic Medications
 CoQ10, B₁₂
- HRT/BCP's
 - Vitamins A, B₂, B₆, B₁₂, C, Folic Acid, Zinc, Magnesium
- Antacids
 Calcium, Iron, Zinc (and other minerals), Folic Acid, B₁₂, Vitamin D

What happened along the way...?

There is overwhelming evidence that vitamin deficiencies are associated with the chronic disease process and the overall condition of one's health.

"Inadequate intake or subtle deficiencies in several vitamins are risk factors for chronic diseases such as cardiovascular disease, cancer and osteoporosis."



Co-enzyme Q₁₀ (antioxidant; ubiquinol or ubiquinone)

Dosages:

- 100 mg if over 50 yo (30-50mg >40 yo)
- 100 mg additional if on a statin
- ALA recycles CoQ₁₀ (also great for the skin!)
- Food sources: Broccoli, nuts, pork, salmon, sardines, spinach
- Congestive Heart Failure, Type 2 Diabetes (T₂D)
- Glaucoma, Macula Degeneration (Ocular surface)

	www.functionalmedicine.org/my- account/naturalstandard/
KATURAL MED Annely Valued and Result Models of Graphic	
Search Interaction Checker	
Effectiveness Checker Nutrient Depletion	For Multiple Evaluation For Constant Co
Pregnancy & Lactation Adverse Effecta	Read/or United in Advanced in Control of Control o
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"There's no sound method to test for proper nutrition in my patients."

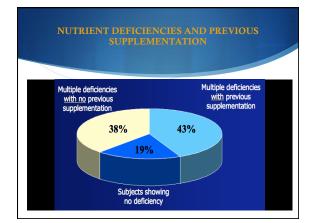


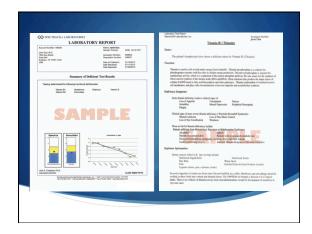
"Micronutrient testing offers a unique, scientifically based evaluation of functional deficiencies that allows targeted treatment with nutritional supplements...improving patient compliance with tailored therapy and success in the treatment of a variety diseases."

Mark Houston, MD

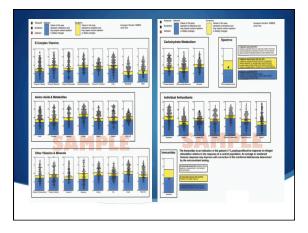
Hypertension Institute

St. Thomas Medical Center & Vanderbilt University



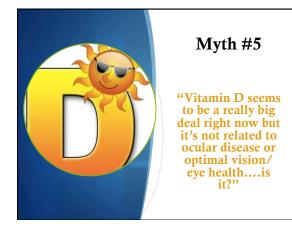


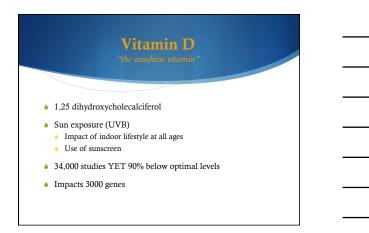






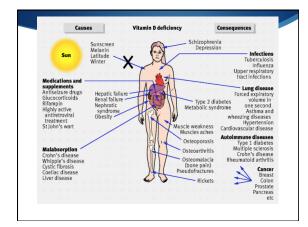
	Nutritional Testing (Genova Diagnostics; GDx)
GENOVA	 Sole calcone reserve
Clinicians	Nutrition University
TEST PROFILES ALPHABETICALLY SEARCH TESTS	Nutrition University is an online resource for quick, educational vignettes that offer key clinical value points on
GETTING STARTED	our line of advanced nutritional testing.
HOW TO ORDER TESTING	Each installment will show the values of nutritional laboratory testing by illuminating health issues such as model disorders, chronic farigun, pervinencepsus, and actions and how the assessment of relevant biomarkees
MEDICAL EDUCATION	can reveal potential underlying concerns.
EDUCATIONAL MODULES	How Can We Help?
CONTENENCES	Nutrition UNIVERSITY Contents a for existence with text contents a for existence with text contents a for existence with





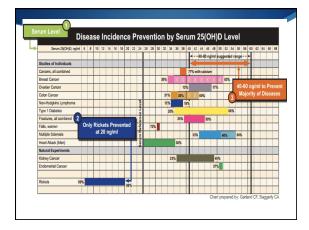
Functions of Vitamin D

- Receptors:
 - bones, pancreas, intestine, kidneys, brain/spinal cord, reproductive organs, thymus, adrenal glands, pituitary gland and thyroid gland
- Calcium absorption from intestinal tract
- Phosphorous assimilation/breakdown
 - Nervous system stability
 - Cardiac function
 - Blood clotting
- Mucous membrane enzyme synthesis
- Pediatric growth (esp. bones and teeth)

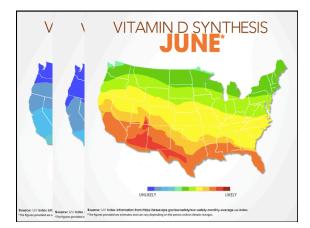




Low levels of Vitamin D • Heart disease (HTN) Autoimmune disease and inflammatory conditions • Diabetes • Neurologic • Chronic pain • Depression (SADD), MS, optic neuropathies, migraines • Cancer prevention & treatment PCOS Anti-viral • Osteoporosis and ♦ All cause mortality Osteoarthritis









Vitamin D and the Eyes

- Dry Eyes***
- Diabetic** Retinopathy
- ♦ AMD
- ♦ Glaucoma
- MS/Optic Neuritis



International Journal of Rheumatic Diseases August 2015

- DRY EYE/OSD
 - The average vitamin D levels were 13.45 ng/ml (33.63 nmol/l) and 47.64 ng/ml (119 nmol/l) of vitamin D deficient women and vitamin D sufficient women, respectively.
 - 52% of the vitamin D deficient women had dry eyes according to Schirmer's test compared to only 4% of the controls (p = 0.001).
 - 74% of the vitamin D deficient women had dry eyes according to TBUT scores compared to 12% of the controls (p = 0.001).
 - 70% of the vitamin D deficient women had dry eyes according to OSDI compared to 19% of the controls (p = 0.003).
 - VAS-pain, HAQ and FSS scores were higher in the vitamin D deficient group than the control group (p < 0.005), indicating that those considered vitamin D deficient experienced increased pain, fatigue and functional impairment of the eye.

• "A number of genetic and environmental factors influence whether a person will get MS....studies are underway to determine if vitamin D levels influence MS disease activity. Recent research also pointes to a possible role for vitamin D in neuroprotection and myelin repair."

www.nationalmssociety.org/Research/Research-News-Progress/Vitamin-D

Archives of Ophthalmology, April 2011

People who ate more foods with vitamin D, or who took vitamin D supplements, were less likely to develop agerelated macular degeneration. Specifically, researchers measured blood levels of vitamin D in 1,313 women under the age of 75 and found that higher levels of vitamin D were associated with a 59 percent reduced risk of developing early macular degeneration.

About vitamin D₂₅OH testing....

• "Normal" is ~30-100 ng/ml

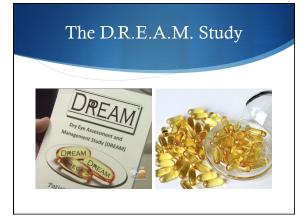
Optimal is 50 ng/ml or higher (50-70)
 toxicity>150ng/ml

Monitor calcium/phosphorous Rxing if high doses

<u>Recommended dosing:</u>

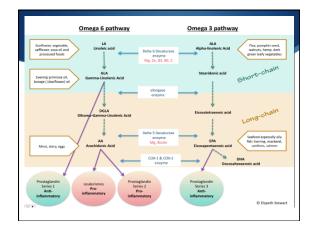
- 1000 IU for every 10 units below optimal
- Example: if result is 30 then add 2000 IU per day of D₃ (with food)
- May need more based on season, skin, age, BMI, GI, outdoor activity, symptoms (achy, tired, blue), head-sweating
- If dosing over 5000 IU D₃ then give with vitamin K₂
- D₂ (Rx) vs. D₃ (OTC)













Essential Fatty Acids in the Eye - DHA, EPA, GLA

Docosahexaenoic Acid (DHA)

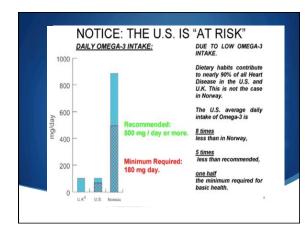
- Visual development: DHA accounts for 35% of the fatty acids in the eye
- The integrity of (RPE) is critical for photoreceptor cell survival & vision
- DHA is the precursor of neuroprotectin D1 → directly protects RPE cells
 Structural linit in retinal photorecentor and supartic membranes
- Structural lipid in retinal photoreceptor and synaptic membranes
 Protects from light, oxygen, and age-associated damage to the eyes
- Eicosapentaenoic Acid (EPA)
- Anti-inflammatory → reduces inflammation of lacrimal gland, meibomian gland, and ocular surface
- Gamma-Linolenic Acid (GLA)
- Reduces circulating inflammatory cytokines associated with DES
 Precursor to PGE1, which supports tissue moisture and cellular health

Omega-3 Fatty Acids

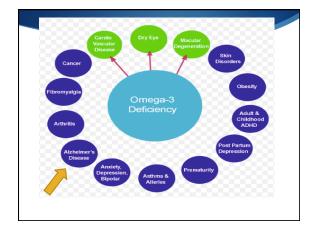
- ALA (alpha-linolenic acid)
 - Canola oil, dark green leaves, flax, hemp, soy bean, walnuts
- Stearidonic acid (morotic acid)
 Black currant seeds
- EPA (eicosapentanoic acid)
 - Fish (albacore, tuna, mackerel, salmon, sardines), lamb, nuts
 Wild or farm-raised?
- DHA (docosahexaenoic acid)
 - Same as above

Omega-6 Fatty Acids

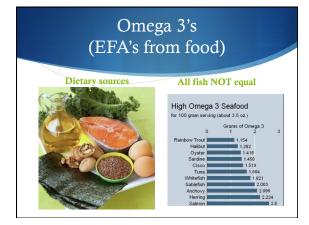
- Produce prostaglandins
- LA (linolenic acid)
 - Flax oil, hemp, pumpkin, safflower, sesame, soybean, sunflower and walnut
- ♦ GLA* (gamma-linolenic acid)
 - Black current seed, borage oil, evening primrose oil
- DGLA (dihomogamma-linolenic acid)
- Mother's milk
- AA (arochidonic acid)
 - Meats and other animal products (dairy and eggs)

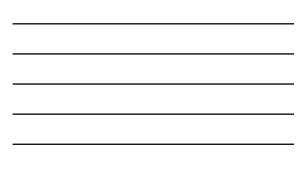












All fish oils are not

created equal!

oOmega 200

- Heart
- Pregnancy and Infant Development
- Brain health
- Joints and Arthritis
- Immune support
- Fit living
- Dry Eye, GLC, AMD, etc.

Omega 3's and the Eyes

- Dry eye/Ocular surface disease
- Inflammatory/Autoimmune (e.g. uveitis)
- ♦ AMD
- Glaucoma/Optic Neuropathies
- Diabetic Retinopathy

Studies to consider:

- AMD and High-Dose Omega-3's
 PharmaNutrition 2014 Jan;2(1):8-11
- Lutein and DHA on Macular Pigment Optical Density Nutrients 2013 Feb 15; 5(2):543-51 Macular Xanthophylls and Omega-3's in ARMD
- JAMA Ophthalmol 2013 May; 13(5):564-72
- Omega-3 Fatty Acids in Dry Eye Syndrome
 Int J Ophthalmol 2013 Dec 18;6(6):811-6
- Short-Term Consumption of Omega-3 and DES Ophthalmology 2013 Nov;120(11):2191-6
 Fish Oil and DES Subjects
 - - Biomed Res 2013;34(5):215-20

Fats in the Diet

- Omega 3's (essential fatty acids)
 EPA
 DHA
 DHA
 Animal fat (solid at room temp)
-
- Omega 6's
 - Processed vegetable oilsGLA is beneficial
 - Others are good only in moderation
 - Increases inflammation
 - nmation
- Omega 9's
 - Important but not essential
- Olive oil

Increases disease risk

- Trans fats
 "partially hydrogenated"
- Chemically modified
- Increases disease risk
- MTC's (medium chain triglycerides)

DES and Omega-3's- WHY we should care

- Studies validate*:
 - 90 million Americans have two or more symptoms of OSD
 - 65% of contact lens wearers report dry eye limiting wear
 - 49% experience problems daily
 - 76% have had the problem for over 2 years
 - Visited ECP an average of 6 times since symptoms began
- A recent Harris Interactive study showed only 29% of patients with true DED felt their optometrist provided adequate care!**
- MGD and OSD are very likely to INCREASE dramatically in the near future due to three risk factors (age, diabetes and use of digital devices)

Linking to a Standard of Care Model

- In December 2014, a group of 30 professional leaders in the area of dry eye met in Dallas, TX
- Goal was to create, through consensus of the experts:
- <u>PRACTICAL</u> recommendations that could be easily implemented
- Recommendations that would have a substantial <u>IMPACT</u> on the quality and consistency of care that patients with dry eye disease have at the general practice level
- The outcome of The 2014 Dry Eye Summit^{*} is simple, straightforward and can be implemented by any primary eye care practice

* Dry Eye Summit, Dallas, TX 2014-Review of Optometry

Reminders: Achieving Optimal Patient Outcomes

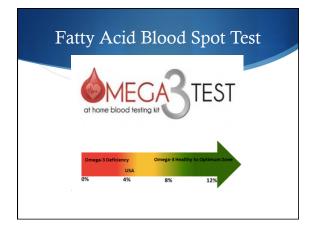
- Know the Risk Factors
- Identify patients with OSD and MGD risk through intake, eye exam and testing
- Educate patients on:
 - Chronic nature of disease
 Treatment options
 - Potential long term benefits of using nutritional therapies
- Provide follow-up care to adjust therapy as needed and ensure clinical and symptom resolution
- Use quality of life support materials to reassure patients about product quality and experience of improved clinical outcomes
- Provide long term care guidance for patient wellness

Optimal Outcomes with Omega Therapy

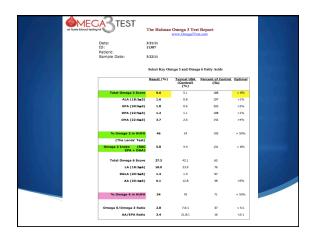
- Prescribe Omega therapy EARLY
- Prescribe the TRIGLYCERIDE form
 Manufacturing process (minimal exposure to heat, light, oxygen)
 Third party testing (purity and claims)
- EPA + DHA at 2000-3000 mg/day until symptoms are reduced
- EPA + DHA at ~2000 mg/day for maintenance
- If not achieving desired results, add GLA to EPA + DHA (may help with light sensitivity)
- Ensure that Omega supplements are taken with meals

Challenges to Supplementation?

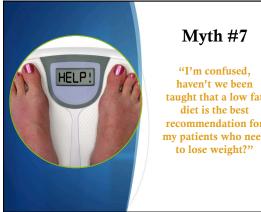
- Therapeutic Value or Not?
 - Controversy re: Prostate Cancer
 - Council for Responsible Nutrition (CRN) Press Release: http://www.crnusa.org/CRNPRU-Omega307ff31.html Clobal Organization for EPA and DHA Omega-3(CDD) Rapid Review News Alert: http://usi.com.geta-achtveic.com/12.eds/5046ccd/86/doc4cet/8105/acid-8134/20108/ee-e358027545
 - Adam Ismail, Executive Director of GOED, Blog Column Posted on Virgo's Omega-3 Insights page: http://omega3.supplysideinsights.com/articles/2013/07/media-hype-on-omega-3s-and-prostate-cancer-
- What about Flax? Krill? Lovaza (Rx)?
- ♦ Triglyceride vs. Ethyl Ester











taught that a low fat recommendation for my patients who need

FALSE!

 Low fat diet has caused the incidence of obesity to nearly double
 Replaced fat with sugar!

AHA now promoting healthy fats

Low carb = healthy fruits and

avoiding processed foods

vegetables (low glycemic) and

Mediterranean "diet" or "Pegan"

and low carb

- What about GLUTEN?Food allergy vs. Sensitivity?
- Top food sensitivities:
- Gluten/WheatCorn
 - Dairy
 - Egg (yolk vs. white)
 - Soy (American)
 Peanuts
 - Nightshade (tomato)



What is our responsibility?

- Ocular disease and excess weight (*Ocular Surgery News, 2004*)
 Obesity/Sleep disorders → ocular surface disease (FLS)
 - GLC, Retinopathy, Cataracts
- Your practice culture/environment?
 - Walk with a Doc
 - In-office programs (yoga, walking)
 - Partner with YMCA, AAC, Health Coach

 Partnering to help patients become 'healthy at every size'

• <u>www.haescommunity.com</u>

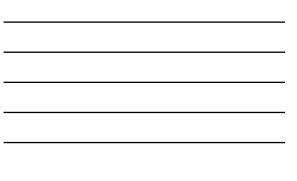


HEALTHY AT EVERY SIZE

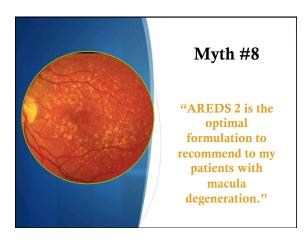
• HEAS:

- Acknowledges that good health can best be realized independent from considerations of size
- It supports people—of all sizes in addressing health directly by adopting healthy behaviors
- Takes the focus of the scale









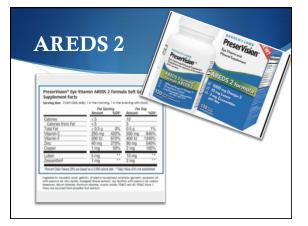
AREDS

28,000 IU synthetic beta carotene 500 mg Vitamin C 400 IU Vitamin E 80 mg Zinc oxide* 2 mg Copper oxide

What about....

Lutein/Zeasonthin Vitamin D Copper imbalance →anti-neogene Vitamin B complex Inflammation induced VEGF Carnitine, ALA, CoQ10 Omega-35 (DHA)





Nutritionists are still asking....

What about:

- Vitamin D
- ♦ CoQ₁₀
- Copper imbalance --- anti-neogenesis
- Vitamin B complex (Genome project)
- Inflammation induced VEGF
- Carnitine, ALA, Bilberry, Ginko, ECGC
- DHA (EFA/Omegas)





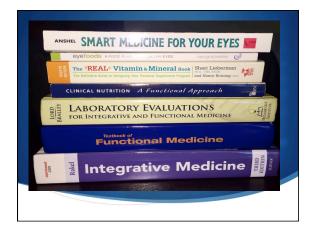
Nutrients important for GLC

- EFA's (Fish Oil especially DHA)
- Vitamins A, B₅, C and E
- Rutin (50 mg tid, works with Vitamin C to lower IOP)
- Vitamin D
- ♦ CoQ₁₀
- Pycnogenol, Ginkgo biloba,
- Increase microvascular circulation

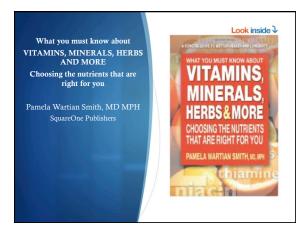


Myth #10

"There are no scientifically based materials on nutrition and supplements."





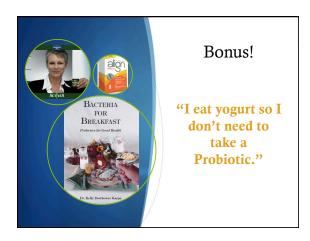


Summary: Recommendations

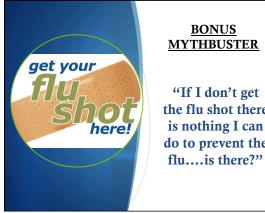
- High potency multi-vitamin, multi-mineral (MVMM)
- ♦ Fish Oil
 - 1200-2000 mg of OMEGA 3's per day (NOTcapsule size)
- ♦ Vitamin D₃
 - 1000-2000 IU per day above the MVMM (TEST!)
- CoQ_{10} if over 50 (100 mg; 200 mg if on Rx)
- Vitamin C (Pauling)
- ♦ Misc: B₁₂











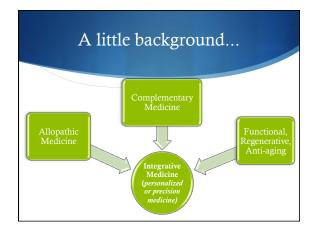
the flu shot there is nothing I can do to prevent the

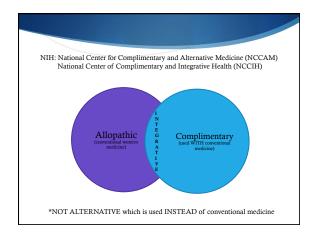


Herbs: echinacea, astragulus (chicken soup), mushroom extract

- ~2000 mg of EPA/DPA per day

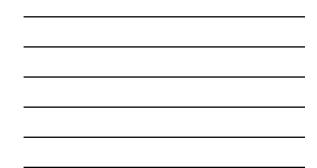


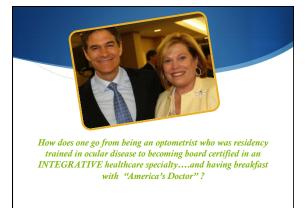


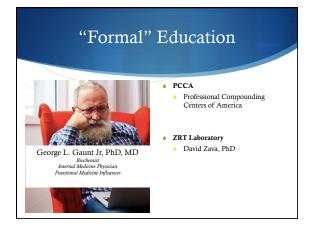


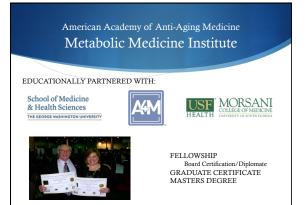




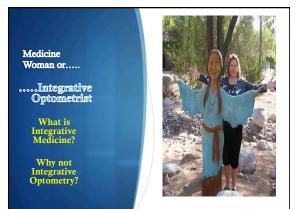








	MCP Certification, September 2016
Particular States	



Integrative Medicine "Alphabet Soup"

- <u>ACLM:</u> American College of Lifestyle Medicine (Harvard)
- <u>ACAM:</u> American College of Advancement for Medicine
- ♦ <u>AIHM:</u> Academy of Integrative Health and Medicine
- <u>PMC:</u> Personalized Medicine Coalition
- <u>PMI:</u> Precision Medicine Initiative (Obama)
- <u>PLMI or P4MI:</u> Personalized Lifestyle Medicine Institute
 (*P4 predictive, preventive, personalize, participatory*)

Eyes are the window to the soul....and body

- Autoimmune/inflammatory
 Infective
- Nutritional
- And so on....

